

By Twelve Bottles of PERUNA

Greatest Human Vitalizer

"During the winter of 1897 and 1898, I was so badly afflicted with catarrh of the head and throat that I must surely die from it. After trying many doctors and all other recommended remedies made known to me, I was induced to use Peruna. I was cured entirely by using twelve bottles of Peruna and one bottle of Manalin. Since that time, I have never been without Peruna. I use it for colds and as a general tonic during Spring and Fall months and find it the greatest human vitalizer."

Sold Everywhere

I Was Entirely Cured

Mr. Wm. A. Hartmann, 217 1/2 S. Second St., Muskogee, Oklahoma, thus describes his case. Read his letter.

Liquid or Tablet Form



The DAIRY

FEEDING YOUNG DAIRY STOCK

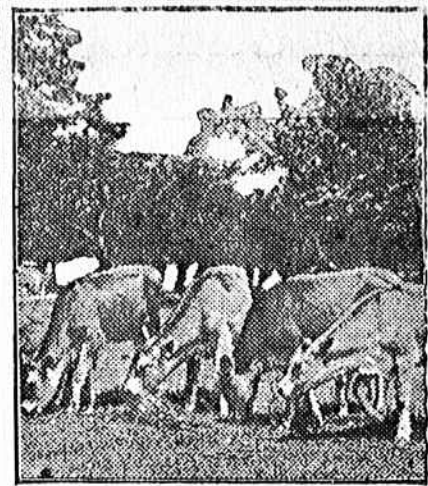
Where Milk is Not Available It is Economical to Supply Protein by Use of Legumes.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

It is a common practice among dairymen to feed skim milk until the calf is approximately six months of age. Usually the time of weaning depends upon the availability and cost of the milk.

When milk is fed in abundance it furnishes the greater part of the protein necessary for the growth of the animal. If no milk is fed it becomes necessary for the protein to be provided from some other source. Probably this can be done most economically by the use of some legume, such as alfalfa, clover, soy beans, or cowpea hay. When hay of this sort is not available it is necessary to provide the bulk of the protein through a grain mixture. In either case, plenty of roughage should be supplied to the growing heifer at all times. During summer, when good pasture is available, the heifer needs no supplementary feed, although a little hay and grain are sometimes advisable late in the season to insure steady growth.

Part of the roughage should be silage, if it is available. A heifer of six months to one year of age will consume from 5 to 15 pounds of silage a day. The grain mixture used may be made up of (1) 3 parts of cracked corn, and 1 part wheat bran; (2) or 3 parts cracked corn, 1 part wheat bran, and 1 part ground oats; (3) or 3 parts cracked corn, 1 part wheat bran, 1 part ground oats, and 1 part linseed meal; (4) or 4 parts cracked corn, 1 part wheat bran, 1 part ground oats, and 1 part blood meal. Either 1, 2, or 4, together with all the alfalfa, clover, or cowpea hay that the heifer will eat, makes a good ration. In case no leguminous hay such as that just mentioned can be obtained, No. 3 is advised, because it contains more protein. Another ex-



Calves Should Be Encouraged to Eat Good Roughage at an Early Age.

cellent grain mixture, to be used when such hay is lacking, is composed of 2 parts of cornmeal, 2 parts of linseed meal, and 1 part of bran.

The quantity of grain to be fed depends very largely upon the individual animal's growth and condition, as well as upon the price of the grain. Some feeders desire a rapid growth of the young animals, and for this reason feed heavily with grain, while others are satisfied with a slow growth and try to carry their young stock largely on roughage. Either extreme is unwise and a medium course between the two is advisable. A safe rule to follow is to feed one pound of grain for the first hundredweight of the heifer and one-half pound for each additional hundredweight.

After the heifer reaches one year of age, the following rations are suggested: Cornmeal, fed according to the rule just mentioned, together with all the alfalfa, clover, or cowpea hay that the animal will consume. If no leguminous hay is available, grain composed of 2 parts cornmeal, 1 of bran, and 1 of linseed meal, gluten meal, or cottonseed meal, and 10 to 20 pounds of silage, together with all the dry roughage that the animal can consume, will be found to be adequate. Under ordinary circumstances a gain of at least a pound a day from the time of weaning to the time of first calving is a good average for a dairy heifer.

SHIPMENT OF DAIRY CATTLE

Not Advisable to Ship Fresh Cows Long Distances Except in Fast Express Cars.

Do not ship fresh cows long distances unless in express cars under particularly favorable conditions. The expense involved naturally limits such operations to valuable purebred individuals. Time and time again, as a result of being shipped shortly after freshening or so as to calve in transit, fresh cows have been ruined so far as the next lactation has been concerned.

Buy a few Thrift Stamps to-day.

TAKE NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS

Guard Against Tuberculosis in Cattle—Information for the Asking.

Clemson College, March 31.—The Extension Service live stock specialists desire to call the attention of farmers and live stock men in the State to a bulletin of the bureau of plant industry entitled "Control and Eradication of Tuberculosis in Cattle," which contains a list of all accredited herds in the State and in the United States, and those once tested without reactors.

An accredited herd is one that has been tested and officially accredited as free from tuberculosis, and every buyer of cattle should protect himself by consulting this bulletin and by correspondence with the State office of the bureau.

Dr. W. K. Lewis, 931 Union National Bank Building, Columbia, S. C., is in charge of this work in this State. From him can be had copies of the bulletin mentioned above, and also names of breeders added to the official list since publication of the bulletin.

Colleges to Furnish Officers.

Washington, April 3.—Establishment of coast artillery reserve officers' training corps units at many of the educational institutions which now have military departments have been decided upon by the War Department. Officers were detailed to-day from the coast artillery corps to confer with the various institutions regarding creations of the units. The intention is to inaugurate special courses at each college under instructors appointed by the War Department. Students who complete the courses will be commissioned in the coast artillery reserve.

READ THIS—then take a look at the label on your paper. We do not want to discontinue sending The Courier to you, but the cash-in-advance ruling will be complied with. We will soon have our mailing lists in such shape as to automatically discontinue all subscriptions at expiration. Many of our subscribers have already approved the plan.

AS TO COUNTY CLAIMS.

EVERYBODY is hereby notified that the law requires all claims against the County to be filed at least one day before the Board of County Commissioners meet. In order that the County Board may transact its business in an orderly and proper way, the Board will not hereafter consider any claim unless it is made out and filed with the Clerk of the Board on or before 10 o'clock a. m. on the day of the meeting of the Board, which is the first Friday in each month. Any claim presented after 10 o'clock a. m. on the first Friday in each month will not be considered until the next meeting. This regulation will hereafter be strictly enforced. E. N. FOSTER, Supervisor.

SURVEYING.

I have purchased the entire Surveying Outfit and implements of the late E. H. Harrison, and am prepared to do accurate Surveying. I will be subject to your call. Write or call on me.

J. L. MOSER, Walhalla, S. C., Rt. No. 1.

Roofing, - Repairing

Kurfess Paints and Oil. Gutter and Repair Work.

D. E. GOOD, TINNER. - WALHALLA, S. C.

After Your Baby is Born

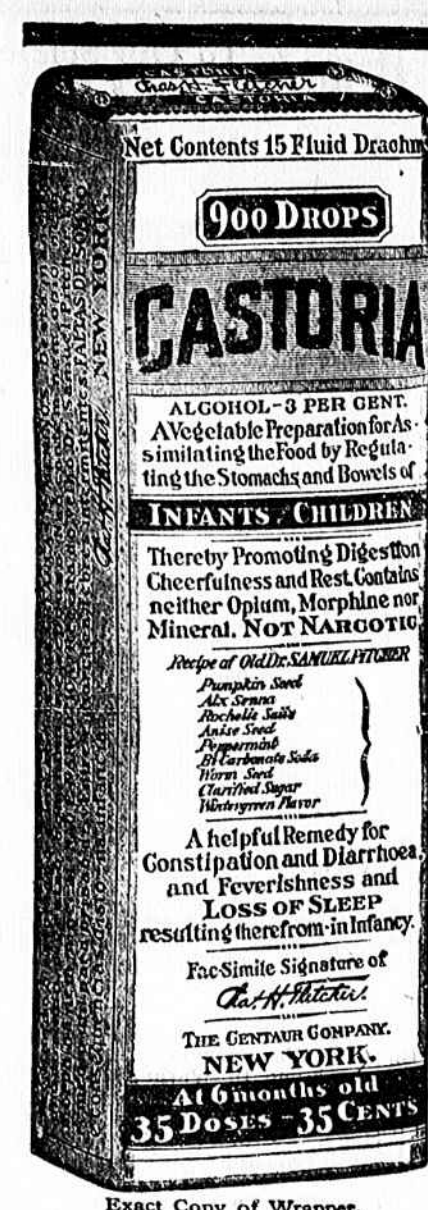
Think Now About the Time to Come Afterwards.



When you hold in your arms your tiny infant, be sure that you can feel that before the arrival you did all in your power to give to it a happy prenatal influence. Scientists say that the thoughts and feelings of the expectant mother greatly affect the health and disposition of the future infant. For over half a century thousands of women who have used the time-honored remedy, Mother's Friend, say that they entirely escaped nausea, nervousness and that peculiar distressing feeling so usual when nature is unaided. They thus preserved a wonderfully bright and happy disposition, which reflects so markedly upon the unborn child. By the regular use of Mother's Friend the muscles are made and kept soft and elastic to readily yield to nature's demand for expansion without the usual wrenching strain. The nerves are not drawn upon, and as a consequence the expectant mother is calm and serene and the nights are not disturbed with nervous twitches, and the crisis is one of joy and happiness. Write the Bradfield Regulator Company, Dept. K, Lamar Building, Atlanta, Georgia, for their Motherhood Book, of value to every woman, and get a bottle of Mother's Friend that will bring real results.

You Can't Rub It Away; Rheumatism is in the Blood

Liniments Will Never Cure. If you are afflicted with Rheumatism, why waste time with liniments, lotions and other local applications that never did cure Rheumatism, and never will? Do not try to rub the pain away, for you will never succeed. Try the sensible plan of finding the cause of the pain, and go after that. Remove the cause, and there can be no pain. You will never be rid of Rheumatism until you cleanse your blood of the germs that cause the disease. S. S. S. has never had an equal as a blood purifier and scores of sufferers say that it has cleansed their blood of Rheumatism, and removed all trace of the disease from their system. Get a bottle of S. S. S. at your drug store, and get on the right treatment to-day. If you want special medical advice, you can obtain it free by addressing Medical Director, 23 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

of

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Cheapest thing on earth—The Courier at \$1 a year. Get it And then be sure to buy some 1919 War Savings Stamps.

Life Was a Misery

Mrs. F. M. Jones, of Palmer, Okla., writes: "From the time I entered into womanhood . . . I looked with dread from one month to the next. I suffered with my back and bearing-down pain, until life to me was a misery. I would think I could not endure the pain any longer, and I gradually got worse. . . Nothing seemed to help me until, one day, . . . I decided to

TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"I took four bottles," Mrs. Jones goes on to say, "and was not only greatly relieved, but can truthfully say that I have not a pain. . . It has now been two years since I took Cardui, and I am still in good health. . . I would advise any woman or girl to use Cardui who is a sufferer from any female trouble." If you suffer pain caused from womanly trouble, or if you feel the need of a good strengthening tonic to build up your run-down system, take the advice of Mrs. Jones. Try Cardui. It helped her. We believe it will help you.

All Druggists

WITH THE CHURCHES.

Where and When to Worship.

"Come thou with us and we will do thee good."

METHODIST CHURCH.

Rev. E. P. Taylor, Pastor.

Every Sunday: Sunday School, 10 a. m.; services 11 a. m. Sermon by the pastor. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. W. H. Hamilton, Pastor.

Every Sunday: Sunday School 10 a. m.; services 11 a. m. Sermon by the pastor. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7 p. m. Second and fourth Sundays, 4.30 p. m., services at Bethel church.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. L. W. Langston, Pastor.

Every Sunday: Sunday School 10 a. m.; services 11 a. m. Sermon by the pastor. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7 p. m.

ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Rev. W. B. Aull, Pastor.

Every Sunday: Sunday School 10 a. m.; services 11 a. m. Sermon by the pastor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

O. L. DEAN, Surveyor and Civil Engineer, R. F. D. No. 3, CENTRAL, S. C.

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS. DR. W. R. CRAIG, Dental Surgeon, WALHALLA, S. CAROLINA.

Office Over C. W. Pitchford's Store. MAROUS C. LONG, Attorney-at-Law, Phone No. 99, Walhalla, S. C.

Office Over Oconee News. J. R. EARLE, Attorney-at-Law, WALHALLA, S. C.

State & Federal Court Practice. FARM LOANS. BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS. E. L. HERNDON, Attorney-at-Law, WALHALLA, S. C. PHONE NO. 61.

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS. R. T. JAYNES, Attorney-at-Law, WALHALLA, S. C. Bell Phone No. 20.

State & Federal Court Practice. J. P. Carey, J. W. Shelor, Pickens, S. C. W. C. Hughs, CAREY, SHELOR & HUGHS, Attorneys and Counsellors, WALHALLA, S. C. State & Federal Court Practice.

FOR SALE.—Good Mare and 2-year-old Horse Colt; good stock, in good condition; mare extra good buggy animal and fine saddle; colt promises well. First \$300 cash offer gets both animals. Prefer to sell both together; will sell separately. J. A. STECK, Walhalla, S. C.

SAVE THE PEACHES AND APPLES

Now is the Time to Spray to Kill the Various Fruit Pests.

Clemson College, March 31.—It not only pays to spray, says Extension Horticulturist Geo. P. Hoffman; it is necessary to spray if you want good fruit. Successful spraying calls for careful, thorough use of particular sprays for particular purposes at particular times. Spray your fruit and eat it yourself, or leave it unsprayed and let the worms eat it.

First Sulphur Spray.

This application is for the purpose of combating and controlling worms in peaches, plums and apples.

Kind and Preparation.—An arsenate of lead, or poison spray made of a mixture of arsenate of lead, quick lime and water, mixed as follows:

Arsenate of lead (powder, see note), one pound.

Quick lime, two pounds.

Water, fifty gallons.

Make a thin paste of the arsenate of lead, and also slake the lime to a whitewash (warm water giving the best results in slaking the lime), and pour together and dilute to fifty gallons. This mixture should be well stirred during the process of spraying.

(Note.—In the use of the wet paste form of arsenate of lead two pounds should be used instead of one pound.)

Time of Applying.

Apply when about three-fourths of the shucks have slipped (which is about twelve or fifteen days after the tree is in full bloom) in case of the peach and the plum; and after the bloom parts have fallen and before the blossom cup closes, in the case of the apple.

GERMANS TO PRESERVE ORDER.

Troops Ordered to Frankfort to Put Stop to Spartan Uprising.

Coblentz, April 3.—German troops opposite the Coblentz bridgehead began moving early Thursday toward Frankfort, where a Spartan revolt has been causing disorder.

Before entering Frankfort, which is in the neutral zone beyond the French bridgehead based on Mayence, the German military authorities had to obtain permission from the French Tenth Army.

According to information reaching American headquarters here, the trouble in Frankfort became serious Tuesday. The workmen formed groups in the streets, and eventually a mob of more than 10,000 began parading through the streets. The mob stormed a large warehouse and the members helped themselves to the food stored there. Hundreds of them filled baskets and sacks with food of various kinds.

Street fighting followed an attempt by the local authorities to gain control of the situation. The troops opposite the American bridgehead were then called on for help.

The Courier still \$1 a year.

Hayes' Healing Honey

Stops The Tickle

Heals The Throat Cures The Cough Price 35c.

A FREE BOX OF GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE

(Opens the Pores and Penetrates)

For Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup, is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY

You get the Cough Syrup and the Salve for one price, 35c.

Made, Recommended and Guaranteed to the Public by

Paris Medicine Company

Manufacturers of

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

BIG COTTON CROP DANGEROUS

To Farmers of the South—Knapp Urging Self-Sustaining Farms.

Washington, March 31.—Cotton farmers and business men in the South are in a critical situation this spring, Bradford Knapp, chief of extension work, South, of the department of agriculture, told extension work forces recently in outlining some of the difficulties of farming in the South this year, and the importance of safe farming.

"If the South plants as large an acreage to cotton as in 1918, and has a good season, resulting in a large crop, the possible danger to Southern prosperity can scarcely be over-estimated," declared Mr. Knapp.

"A well-balanced system of agriculture is the best answer to this problem, not only for 1919, but in any year in peace or in war. The safety and security of the Southern people depend greatly on the production of food necessary for the people and the feed necessary for the increasing livestock."

Mr. Knapp pointed out that the exchange value of cotton in relation to the retail price of necessities of life was no different when cotton was worth thirty cents a pound in 1918 from what it was when cotton was worth twelve cents in years before the war.

Reduction of cotton acreage was urged by Mr. Knapp, not so much by a level out of a certain proportion of the acreage of every farm as converting every farm into a self-sustaining unit. He urged getting on a cash basis instead of a credit basis, and selling the excess products of the farm to supply the living expenses.

Rainfall and Temperature.

Below is a record of meteorological observations taken by H. W. Brandt, co-operative observer of the Weather Bureau of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, during the week ending March 30th, 1919, at 7 p. m. (The instrumental readings are from government standard instruments exposed in the manner recommended by the chief of the Weather Bureau):

Character of Day.		Rainfall.	Temperature.	
			Highest.	Lowest.
Date—				
Mch. 24—	Clear		74	34
Mch. 25—	Clear		76	40
Mch. 26—	Cloudy		72	50
Mch. 27—	Pty cldy.85	67	50
Mch. 28—	Clear		60	34
Mch. 29—	Pty cldy. . . .		67	32
Mch. 30—	Pty cldy. . . .		74	37

The rainfall for the month totaled 6.99 inches.

More Marines to Haiti.

Washington, April 3.—The recent activities of brigands in Haiti has led the navy to reinforce the brigade of marines on duty in that republic, it was learned to-day. Four companies of marines have been ordered to join the force already there. A large part of the reinforcements, it is said, will be used to replace marines who are to be brought back to the United States, but a substantial increase in the police force will be effected. The depredations recently reported, however, were said to have been the work of small and unimportant parties of outlaws.

Man Gets His Neck Broken.

Alexandria, La., April 3.—Sergt. Early Chapman, of Camp Beauregard, was instantly killed here to-day when a fleeing negro ran into him with such force that his neck was broken. The soldier was walking along one of the main streets of Alexandria when the negro, followed by another, suddenly turned a corner and collided into him.

August Belmont Dead.

New York, March 29.—August Belmont, Jr., a partner in the banking firm of August Belmont & Co., American representative of the European banking firms of the Rothschilds, died here to-day after being operated on for intestinal troubles.

The Courier, \$1 a year. Pay in advance